

I/234553/2024

कार्यालय : मुख्य निर्वाचन अधिकारी, उत्तराखण्ड

विश्वकर्मा भवन, प्रथम तल, सचिवालय परिसर 4-सुभाष रोड़, देहरादून- 248001

Email id-ceo_uttaranchal@eci.gov.in फोन नं० (0135) - 2713551

संख्या-³⁸⁵⁰/XXV-12(P-14)/2021 देहरादून: दिनांक 22 अगस्त 2024

पंजीकृत

सेवा में,

श्रीमती लक्ष्मी देवी,
ग्राम प्रधान, ग्राम पंचायत कुमालगाँव
विकासखण्ड डीडीहाट
जनपद-पिथौरागढ़ उत्तराखण्ड
मो०-9927575426

विषय- सूचना के अधिकार अधिनियम-2005 के तहत सूचना उपलब्ध कराने के सम्बन्ध में।
महोदय,

उपरोक्त विषयक सहायक आयुक्त/लोक सूचना अधिकारी कार्यालय राज्य निर्वाचन आयोग उत्तराखण्ड देहरादून के पत्र संख्या 630 दिनांक 12.08.2024 के साथ संलग्न आपका अनुरोध पत्र दिनांक 02.08.2024 जो इस कार्यालय में दिनांक 13.08.2024 को प्राप्त हुआ है, जिसमें सूचना का अधिकार अधिनियम के अन्तर्गत बिन्दु संख्या 01 से 04 तक मांगी गई वांछित सूचना निम्न प्रकार प्रेषित की जा रही है।

बिन्दु संख्या-	सूचना का विवरण
बिन्दु-01,02,04	दो पृष्ठ
बिन्दु-03	छः पृष्ठ

इस आदेश के अन्तर्गत दी गई जानकारी से यदि आप असंतुष्ट हो तो आदेश प्राप्ति की तिथि से 30 दिन के अन्दर विभाग के अपीलीय अधिकारी जिनका पता निम्नवत है, अपील दायर कर सकते हैं।

संलग्न-यथोपरि।

अपीलीय अधिकारी का पता
सहायक मुख्य निर्वाचन अधिकारी,
विश्वकर्मा भवन, प्रथम तल,
सचिवालय परिसर 4-सुभाष रोड़,
देहरादून-248001
मो० नं०-9897995591

भवदीय,

Signed by Basant Singh
Rawat

Date: 22-08-2024 16:20:18

(बसन्त सिंह रावत)

अनुभाग अधिकारी एवं
लोक सूचना अधिकारी।

मो० नं० 9411740189

12-6-10 01.02.04

1

SPEED POST

ELECTION COMMISSION OF INDIA
NIRVACHAN SADAN, ASHOKA ROAD, NEW DELHI-110001.

NARENDRA N. BUTOLIA
UNDER SECRETARY

Ph. 23052016

Fax 23052050

No.23/BLO/2010/ERS

Date: 3rd November 2010

To

The Chief Electoral Officer of All States and Union Territories.

Sub: Appointment of Booth Level Officers (BLOs) - regarding.

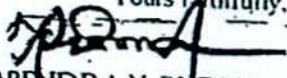
Sir/Madam.

In the meeting of Chief Electoral Officers held on 26th October, 2010, the issue of deployment of BLOs, among other issues, was discussed in detail. It was observed that despite the Commission's clear instructions that one BLO should be made responsible for only one part of Electoral Roll, a number of BLOs still continue to have charge of two or more than two polling booths. In this connection, the Commission directed that immediate efforts should be made to draft more staff as BLO to ensure that one BLO remains in-charge of only one part. The Commission has further directed that the BLO should be a government employee who is enrolled as an elector in the part of Electoral Roll, which is under his charge. A suggested list of categories of government/semi government employees in addition to teachers who can be appointed BLO is given below:-

1. Anganwadi workers,
2. Patwari/Amin/Lekhpal,
3. Panchayat Secretary,
4. Village Level Workers,
5. Electricity Bill Readers,
6. Postman,
7. Auxiliary Nurses & Mid-wives,
8. Health workers,
9. Mid-day meal workers,
10. Contract teachers,
11. Corporation Tax Collectors,
12. Clerical Staff in Urban area (UDC/LDC etc.)

CEOs should instruct all DEOs that they take utmost care while deploying semi government employees as BLO. Credentials of these workers should be verified thoroughly to ensure that they do not have any political allegiance.

Yours faithfully,


(NARENDRA N. BUTOLIA)

STANDARD DISTRIBUTION

19-6-01-02-04

(2)

18

ELECTION COMMISSION OF INDIA

Nirvachan Sadan, Ashoka Road, New Delhi - 110001.

By e-mail/speed post

No. 23/BLO/2009/ERS

Dated: 27th February, 2009.

To,

The Chief Electoral Officers of
All States and Union Territories.

Subject:

Appointment of Booth Level Officers - regarding.

Sir,

Kindly refer to the existing instructions of the Commission regarding appointment of Booth Level Officers given in Para-8, Chapter-II of Handbook of Electoral Registration Officers (2008 edition). The Commission has since decided the physically challenged persons (including visually handicapped and hearing and speech impaired persons), may not be requisitioned for duties of Booth Level Officers unless they express willingness to take up the work. EROs shall take due precaution and give exemption in such cases after he or she is satisfied about the disability of the person concerned. As the ERO may not be aware of the physical disability of any person in advance, he/she should sympathetically consider the request for exemption on the above ground as soon as the same comes to his notice/brought to his notice by the person appointed as BLO.

The above instructions shall be brought to the notice of all DEOs & EROs for compliance. A copy of the instruction issued may be forwarded to Commission for record.

Kindly acknowledge receipt.

Yours faithfully

Ashish Chakraborty
(Ashish Chakraborty,
Under Secretary)

CHAPTER - 2

Norms For Setting up of Polling Stations

Main Topics discussed in this chapter

- ✓ Legal Provisions
- ✓ Authority to provide polling stations
- ✓ Electoral Roll parts and polling stations
- ✓ Demarcation of well defined polling areas
- ✓ Location of polling stations
- ✓ Number of electors assigned to a polling station
- ✓ Maximum distance to reach polling station
- ✓ Minimum Parameters for Setting up Polling Station

2.1 Legal Provision

Section 25 of Representation of People Act, 1951 provides for the provision of polling stations. The section is reproduced as below:-

[Provision of polling stations for constituencies - The District Officer shall, with the previous approval of the Election Commission, provide a sufficient number of polling stations for every constituency the whole or greater part of which lies within his jurisdiction, and shall publish, in such manner as the Election Commission may direct, a list showing the polling stations so provided and the polling areas or groups of voters for which they have respectively been provided.]

2.2 Authority to provide polling stations

As per Section 25 of Representation of People Act, 1951, District Election Officer is the authority to provide a polling station in every constituency in his district, however, the provision of polling station made by District Election Officer has to be approved by the Election Commission. A poll taken at any location without the prior approval of the Election Commission may vitiate the poll so taken at that place.

2.3 Polling stations correspond to electoral roll parts

Polling stations are setup on the lines of 'parts' of electoral rolls. An electoral roll is a list containing particulars of electors such as name, age, gender, name of relative, EPIC number etc. Electoral rolls are prepared and maintained assembly constituency - wise by Electoral Registration Officers under the provisions of the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960. In accordance with sub rule (1) of rule 5 of the 1960 Rules, the electoral roll shall be divided into convenient 'parts'. Each 'part' of electoral roll corresponds to a geographically defined and identifiable polling area created within the boundaries of an assembly constituency by the concerned District Election Officer. The 'part' contains names

of all the electors residing within that polling area and with an identified polling station (precinct) where arrangements are made for the electors of that 'part' to cast their votes on the day of polling. Earlier, groups of electors from different parts of roll were tagged on to one polling station and thus, a polling station had voters included in more than one part of the electoral roll. After 1980 general election to the Lok Sabha, the electoral rolls are being prepared polling station-wise for a well defined polling area and all the voters included in any one part of the electoral roll are being assigned to one specific polling station. That is why, before every revision of electoral roll, the polling stations are reorganized, if required and 'parts' of roll are arranged accordingly. The serial number of the 'part' of the electoral roll and the serial number of the corresponding polling station will invariably be identical number. For example, the electors covered by 'Part No 1' of the electoral roll are assigned to 'Polling Station No. 1' and 'Part No 2' to 'Polling Station No 2', and so on. the number and name of the polling station shall be indicated on the title page of the concerned 'part'.

2.4 Demarcation of well defined polling areas

Polling stations are provided for clearly well demarcated polling areas, covering a specified locality in urban areas or a village in rural areas. Where a locality or village is quite big, it may be broken into parts for providing separate polling stations for the electors residing in those parts. Likewise, in the case of small localities or villages, two or more such localities or villages may be combined to provide a common polling station for them. By a clear description of the polling area, it should be feasible for an ordinary voter to know to which polling station he should go for recording his vote.

2.5 Location of polling stations

2.5.1 Generally within polling area -

- (i) As far as possible, the polling station should be set up within the polling area. However, there is no objection to a polling station being located in a building which is situated outside the polling area. If a suitable building is not available in the area, then it may be set up outside the polling area but as near to its own area as possible. In many cases, polling stations more than one has been set up in the same building. In a few cases in the State of Sikkim and Chhattisgarh, certain polling stations have been provided even outside the territorial limits of the assembly constituencies. This has been done keeping in view the convenience of electors and polling stations have been provided in bazaar areas visited frequently by them and where regular buildings are available for housing of polling stations.

- (ii) Where the polling area for a polling station comprises a number of villages, the polling station or stations should ordinarily be located in the village, which has the largest number of voters. However, if another village is more central or has distinctly better facilities, it can be chosen for location of polling station in preference to the village with the largest number of voters. All villages in one polling area should fall in one administrative unit like one police station, firka, patwari circle, etc. All polling areas within the constituency should be covered by the proposed polling stations. No area in the constituency should be left out.

2.5.2 Location in permanent building - The Election Commission insists that polling stations should, as far as practicable, be permanently located so that the electors always know where they have to go for casting their votes for all elections and they are not confused by any frequent changes in the location of their polling stations.

2.5.3 In Government buildings - As far as possible, polling stations are located in government / semi-government buildings or institutions aided by the government, like, schools or colleges, as the furniture and equipment required would be available there and could be made use of without any extra cost to the State. Polling stations also can be setup in buildings belonging to local bodies such as community centres, village chaupals, etc.

2.5.4 In private buildings - only in rare cases - Only in rare cases, private buildings are used as polling stations but where this becomes unavoidable, written consent of the owner should be taken. In case the owner refuses to give written consent, the buildings should be requisitioned under Section 160 of Representation of People Act, 1951, if necessary. The private building so requisitioned should be at the disposal of the Returning Officer at least 24 hours before the commencement of the poll and for the period required for the poll. The building and the area around it up to a radius of 200 meters should be under the control of the Presiding Officer. No watch and ward or other personnel connected with the owner, whether armed or unarmed, should be allowed to remain either at the polling station or within a radius of 200 meters around it. The security arrangement at the polling station and within the above area on the poll day will be the responsibility entirely of the State Police under the control of the Presiding Officer. Further, after nominations are filed, it should be ensured that the owner of such private

building is not a contesting candidate or a known sympathizer or worker of any of the candidates at the election.

2.5.5 Temporary structure - Where no suitable government buildings are available in any polling area or nearby, temporary structures at designated locations may be erected to serve as polling stations. However, setting up of a polling station in a temporary structure should be avoided, in view of the expenditure for erecting it and further risk of fire, storm, etc.

2.5.6 No polling station should be located in police stations, hospitals, temples or places having religious significance.

2.5.7 There should be no political party office within 200 meter of a polling station.

2.5.8 As far as possible, Polling Stations should be at ground floor of the Polling Station building considering the old age and disabled electors. Also there should be a ramp for use of such electors.

2.6 Number of electors assigned to a polling station

2.6.1 The optimum number of polling stations to be set up in a Constituency should be determined by dividing the total number of voters in the constituency by 1000. This number will be average for both rural and urban constituencies. In order that a manageable number of electors are assigned to a polling station for smooth conduct of poll, earlier the Election Commission had instructed that a polling station should be provided not more than 1200 electors in rural areas and 1400 electors in urban areas. With the constant increase in the electorate, now the Election Commission has allowed 1500 electors in all polling stations.

2.6.2 However, the Commission's stand is to provide a polling station for every village having more than 300 voters provided there is a suitable building for it.

2.6.3 In sparsely populated or hilly areas, polling stations may be provided for a far lesser number of electors. In one case, a polling station was provided just for one elector at Kakkayam Dam Site in Perambra assembly constituency in Kerala during the general election in 2006, as the lone voter had refused to shift from his house unlike other villagers who were relocated to another site owing to construction activity of the dam. In another case, a polling station had been provided just for one family consisting of six electors at Chako in

Thirizino-Buragaon assembly constituency in Arunachal Pradesh. In yet another case, two polling stations had been provided for the electors of Anlay Phoo and neighbouring villages in Leh at the height of 5,000 metres in the Ladakh parliamentary constituency in Jammu and Kashmir. Likewise, a polling station was provided for just one voter in the Gir forests of Gujarat.

2.6.4 Polling stations may also be provided for a fewer number of electors in areas inhabited by weaker sections of society, so that no obstruction may be caused to them in the exercise of their franchise by elements opposed to their interests.

2.6.5 In view of COVID-19 in the country and precautionary measures prescribed for social distancing and restriction on large public gatherings, the Election Commission permitted District Election officers in Bihar to bifurcate existing polling stations so as to restrict the maximum number of electors upto 1000 per polling station. Some instruction has been given to District Election Officers in other states, where by-elections are due in 2020.

2.7 Maximum distance to reach polling station

Polling stations should be set up in such a manner that ordinarily, no voter is required to travel more than 2 kilometres for casting his vote. In sparsely populated hilly or forest area, this rule may have to be relaxed. In such cases, in order that voters may not have to walk unduly long distances, polling stations may be set up for a smaller number of voters than usual. Due consideration should be given to the topography and ease of travel.

2.8 Minimum Parameters for Setting up Polling Station

2.8.1 Assured Minimum Facilities (AMF) at polling stations

The Election Commission has directed that voter friendly facilities and amenities should be provided at polling stations. Every District Election Officer has to provide the following Assured Minimum Facilities (AMF) at each polling station:-

- (i) Provision for ramp
- (ii) Provision for drinking water
- (iii) Adequate furniture
- (iv) Proper lighting
- (v) Help Desk

(vi) Proper signage

(vii) Toilet

- 2.8.2 Besides, shades should be provided at the polling stations for protection from sun and rain for electors coming to poll.
- 2.8.3 As far as practicable, the polling station should have a minimum area of 20 sq. meters so that there is no congestion inside the polling station.
- 2.8.4 Halls/rooms should be well-lit and should normally have at least two doors, so that one can be used as the 'entrance' and the other as the 'exit' for the smooth and orderly conduct of poll.
- 2.8.5 In urban areas, not more than four polling stations and, in rural areas, not more than two polling stations should be located in the same building as far as possible, in order to avoid overcrowding and to facilitate maintenance of law and order.
- 2.8.6 As far as possible, the polling stations should be set up in the ground floor of a building to be old age friendly and disabled friendly.
- 2.8.7 The Election Commission has further instructed all state governments that ramps should be provided in the buildings where polling stations are set up so as to facilitate the movement of persons suffering from physical disability. This instruction has been issued in the wake of the direction given by the Supreme Court in its interim order dated 19 April 2004 in Disability Rights Group v Chief Election Commissioner and Anor.
- 2.8.8 If the polling station is for both men and women, there should be separate queues for men and women. For every man entering the polling station, two women should be allowed. The old, infirm, pregnant women and differently abled persons should be allowed to enter the polling station without having to stand in the queue. When separate polling stations are provided for men and women of a particular polling area, these should as far as possible be located in the same building.

2.9 Map of Polling Station

- 2.9.1 The Election Commission has directed that in order to avoid the error of mixing of electors of one polling area with other or inclusion of the same area in two or more polling station areas, a map, which is called 'Nazri-Naksha', in common parlance, showing the sections covered, should be prepared for



सूचना का
अधिकार



राज्य निर्वाचन आयोग, उत्तराखण्ड

निर्वाचन भवन, लाडपुर, मसूरी बाईपास, रिंग रोड, देहरादून।

दूरभाष : 0135-2662253, 2662254

टैलीफैक्स : 0135- 2662251, 2662257

E-Mail : sec-uttarakhand@uk.gov.in

संख्या- 630 / रा0नि0आ0 / आर0टी0आई0 / 4227 / 2024

दिनांक 12 अगस्त, 2024

"सूचना के अनुरोध को दूसरे प्राधिकारी को हस्तांतरण"

सेवा में,

लोक सूचना अधिकारी,
कार्यालय मुख्य निर्वाचन अधिकारी, उत्तराखण्ड,
सचिवालय परिसर, देहरादून।

महोदय,

कृपया अवगत कराना है कि सूचना का अधिकार अधिनियम 2005 के अन्तर्गत श्रीमती लक्ष्मी देवी, ग्राम प्रधान, ग्राम पंचायत कुमालगाँव, वि0ख0 डीडीहाट, जनपद-पिथौरागढ़ द्वारा प्रेषित अनुरोध-पत्र दिनांक 02.08.2024 राज्य निर्वाचन आयोग में दिनांक 07.08.2024 को प्राप्त हुआ है तथा अनुरोधकर्ता द्वारा नियमानुसार आवेदन शुल्क रू0 10.00 का भारतीय पोस्टल आर्डर प्राप्त है।

चूंकि उपरोक्त अनुरोध पत्र में मांगी गयी सूचनाएं आपके विभाग से भी संबंधित हैं, अतएव सन्दर्भित अनुरोध पत्र की छायाप्रति सूचना का अधिकार अधिनियम की धारा 6(3) के अन्तर्गत आपको इस आशय से अंतरित की जा रही है कि अनुरोध-पत्र में वांछित सूचनाएं नियमानुसार अनुरोधकर्ता को अपने स्तर से भी उपलब्ध कराने का कष्ट करें।

इस पत्र की एक प्रति अनुरोधकर्ता को सूचनार्थ प्रेषित की जा रही है।

संलग्नक-उपरोक्तानुसार।

भवदीय,

(राजकुमार वर्मा)
सहायक आयुक्त /
लोक सूचना अधिकारी।
मो0नं0-7302254903

संख्या- 630 / रा0नि0आ0 / आर0टी0आई0 / 4227 / 2024 तददिनांक। (पंजीकृत)

प्रतिलिपि:- श्रीमती लक्ष्मी देवी, ग्राम प्रधान, ग्राम पंचायत कुमालगाँव, वि0ख0 डीडीहाट, जनपद-पिथौरागढ़, उत्तराखण्ड मो0-9927575426 पिन-262572 को सूचनार्थ प्रेषित।

(राजकुमार वर्मा)
सहायक आयुक्त /
लोक सूचना अधिकारी।

श्री. प्रवीण श्याम प्रधान श्याम पंचायत कुमलगाँव, वि.खं डीडिडाह
श्याम एच पी तडीगाँव, तह. वल, जिला-पिपौरागढ़ (उत्तराखण्ड)
PIN - 262572

सेवा में

R-1174/2024
F-4227/2024

श्रीमान उत्तराखण्ड राज्य निर्वाचन आयोग
निर्वाचन भवन, लोडपुर, मंसूरी वार्ड, पास रिंग रोड
देहरादून - 248008

विषय: निर्वाचन कार्य हेतु मतदान केन्द्रों पर वी.एल.ओ.
(VLO) की नियुक्ति के नियमों की जानकारी हेतु
सूचना के अधिकार अधिनियम (RTI Act 2005)
के तहत आवेदन

महोदय,

1. इस क्षेत्र के मतदाताओं में चुनाव के महोल के आतावरसा पर यंत्राओं में वी.एल.ओ. की नियुक्ति विषय पर चुनाव आयोग के नियमों (Rules) की सही जानकारी का अभाव था।
2. यंत्राओं में कुछ लोगों का कहना था कि स्वच्छ मतदान के दिन में मतदान केन्द्र के लिये वी.एल.ओ. (VLO) की नियुक्ति उसी ब्लॉक (मतदान केन्द्र) के गाँवों के मतदाताओं में से नहीं (नहीं) की जाय - दूसरे शब्दों में अलग दूर के गाँव दूसरे मतदान केन्द्र के मतदाताओं में से की जानी चाहिये।
3. मतदान केन्द्र की स्वामीय व्यवस्था के लिये सम्बन्धित श्याम पंचायत को अलग से आदेश है।
4. अतः, महोदय, आप से निवेदन है कि जानता की सही जानकारी के लिये मतदान केन्द्रों पर वी.एल.ओ. (VLO) की नियुक्ति के सम्बन्ध में चुनाव आयोग के नियमों की जानकारी देने की कृपा कीजियेगा।
5. महोदय, सूचना मागने में अगर गलती होगी तो माफी मागने है।
6. महोदय, RTI फीस के तौर पर 1000 (दश) रुपये का postal order No 56F 012693 सिलन है।

आपके आभारी,

Handwritten signature and date

Date: 02/8/2024

श्री बडोनी



श्री. कुमारी घना
महायक आयुक्त
राज्य निर्वाचन आयोग

Handwritten signature

श्याम पंचायत कुमलगाँव
वि.खं डीडिडाह (पिपौरागढ़)

सिलन -
Postal order - 1



सूचना का
अधिकार

राज्य निर्वाचन आयोग, उत्तराखण्ड

निर्वाचन भवन, लाडपुर, मसूरी बाईपास, रिंग रोड, देहरादून।

दूरभाष : 0135-2662253, 2662254

टैलीफैक्स : 0135- 2662251, 2662257

E-Mail : sec-uttarakhand@uk.gov.in

संख्या- 630 /रा0नि0आ0 / आर0टी0आई0 / 4227 / 2024 दिनांक 12 अगस्त, 2024
"सूचना के अनुरोध को दूसरे प्राधिकारी को हस्तांतरण"

सेवा में,

लोक सूचना अधिकारी,
कार्यालय मुख्य निर्वाचन अधिकारी, उत्तराखण्ड,
सचिवालय परिसर, देहरादून।

महोदय,

कृपया अवगत कराना है कि सूचना का अधिकार अधिनियम 2005 के अन्तर्गत श्रीमती लक्ष्मी देवी, ग्राम प्रधान, ग्राम पंचायत कुमालगाँव, वि0ख0 डीडीहाट, जनपद-पिथौरागढ़ द्वारा प्रेषित अनुरोध-पत्र दिनांक 02.08.2024 राज्य निर्वाचन आयोग में दिनांक 07.08.2024 को प्राप्त हुआ है तथा अनुरोधकर्ता द्वारा नियमानुसार आवेदन शुल्क रू0 10.00 का भारतीय पोस्टल आर्डर प्राप्त है।

चूंकि उपरोक्त अनुरोध पत्र में मांगी गयी सूचनाएं आपके विभाग से भी संबंधित है, अतएव सन्दर्भित अनुरोध पत्र की छायाप्रति सूचना का अधिकार अधिनियम की धारा 6(3) के अन्तर्गत आपको इस आशय से अंतरित की जा रही है कि अनुरोध-पत्र में वांछित सूचनाएं नियमानुसार अनुरोधकर्ता को अपने स्तर से भी उपलब्ध कराने का कष्ट करें।

इस पत्र की एक प्रति अनुरोधकर्ता को सूचनार्थ प्रेषित की जा रही है।

संलग्नक-उपरोक्तानुसार।

भवदीय,

(राजकुमार वर्मा)

सहायक आयुक्त /
लोक सूचना अधिकारी।
मो0नं0-7302254903

संख्या- 630 /रा0नि0आ0 / आर0टी0आई0 / 4227 / 2024 तददिनांक। (पंजीकृत)

प्रतिलिपि:- श्रीमती लक्ष्मी देवी, ग्राम प्रधान, ग्राम पंचायत कुमालगाँव, वि0ख0 डीडीहाट, जनपद-पिथौरागढ़, उत्तराखण्ड मो0-9927575426 पिन-262572 को सूचनार्थ प्रेषित।

(राजकुमार वर्मा)
सहायक आयुक्त /
लोक सूचना अधिकारी।

प्राची: ग्राम प्रधान ग्राम पंचायत कुमालगाँव, वि०ख० डीडीहार
ग्राम एवं पो० तड़ीगाँव, तह० बल, जिला-पिथौरागढ़ (उत्तराखण्ड)
PIN- 262572

सेवा में

R-1174/2.08.24
F-4227/2024

सीमान उत्तराखण्ड राज्य निर्वाचन आयोग
निर्वाचन भवन, लोडपुर, मंसूरी वार्ड/पास रिंग रोड
देहरादून- 248008

विषय: निर्वाचन कार्यो हेतु मतदान केन्द्रों पर वी०एल०ओ० (BLO) की नियुक्ति के नियमों की जानकारी हेतु सूचना के अधिकार अधिनियम (RTI Act 2005) के तहत आवेदन

महोदय,

1. इस क्षेत्र के मतदाताओं में चुनाव के महोल के माताव्रसा पर चर्चाओं में वी०एल०ओ० की नियुक्ति विषय पर चुनाव आयोग के नियमों (Rules) की सही जानकारी का अभाव का
2. चर्चाओं में कुछ लोगों का कहना था कि स्वच्छ मतदान के दिन में मतदान केन्द्र के लिये वी०एल०ओ० (BLO) की नियुक्ति उसी ब्लॉक (मतदान केन्द्र) के गाँवों के मतदाताओं में से नहीं (नहीं) की जाय- दूसरे शब्दों में अलग दूर के गाँव दूसरे मतदान केन्द्र के मतदाताओं में से की जानी चाहिये,
3. मतदान केन्द्र की स्वामीय व्यवस्था के लिये सम्बन्धित ग्राम पंचायत को अलग से ज्ञादेश है.
4. अतः, महोदय, आप से निवेदन है कि जनता की सही जानकारी के लिये मतदान केन्द्रों पर वी०एल०ओ० (BLO) की नियुक्ति के सम्बन्ध में चुनाव आयोग के नियमों की जानकारी देने की कृपा कीजियेगा।
5. महोदय, सूचना मागने में अगर गल्ती होगयी हो तो माफी मागते हैं
6. महोदय, RTI फीस के तौर पर 1000 (दश) रुपये का पोस्टल ऑर्डर No 56F 012693 सिलान है.

आपके आभारी

7/8/24

Date: 02/8/2024

जी बडोनी

सिलान -
Postal order - 1

07/08/2024
सहायक आयुक्त
राज्य निर्वाचन आयोग

ग्राम पंचायत कुमालगाँव
वि०ख० डीडीहार (पिथौरागढ़)